W.A. FRANKE COLLEGE OF FORESTRY & CONSERVATION

Research Summit, Feb. 21, 2018

Dr. Tom DeLuca

Dr. Norma Nickerson

Dr. Jeremy Sage



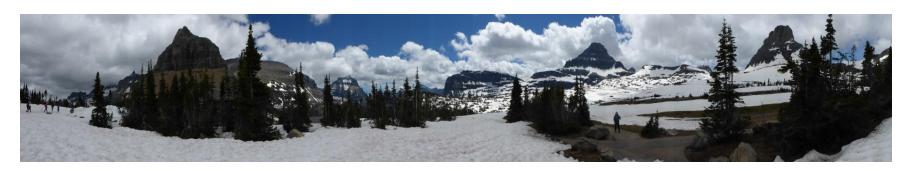






- ITRR was established 31
 years ago (1987) to
 conduct objective research
 in tourism and recreation.
 ITRR is housed in the W.A.
 Franke College of Forestry
 and Conservation at The
 University of MontanaMissoula.
- Majority of ITRR funding comes from 2.5% of the statewide bed tax.

ITRR provides citizens, leaders and policy makers with objective tourism and recreation research essential to making informed decisions for advancing Montana's economy while sustaining its natural resources.



Areas of Research

Economic Impact of Nonresident Travel
Visitor Characteristics and Expenditures
Social and Environmental Impacts of Tourism
Regional and Community Tourism Planning and Development
Niche Market Studies
Outdoor Recreation
Travel and Recreation Yearly Outlook



UNIVERSITY OF MONTANA





Academic Mind

- 1. Do I have the right student for the project?
- 2. What theoretical framework will work?
- A Ph.D. will need at least 2 years to conduct the study.
- 4. Best methodological approach to this study is ...

Practitioner Mind

- 1. Universities have tons of students to choose from.
- 2. This is applied research...not theory.
- 3. I need the report in about 2 months.
- 4. What is the best (or easiest) method to get it done fast?



Academic Mind

- 5. Write the proposal with budget.
- 6. IRB (Institutional Review Board) will take about 'X' weeks to approve.
- 7. Send proposal to campus research office and set up as a new project (couple weeks).

Practitioner Mind

- 5. I know what I want and how much money.
- Let's have the board of directors go through the survey instrument.

7.	We're	ready.	What's	
	taking	you so	long?	
				•
	•••••			•



Academic Mind

- 8. Train student(s)
- 9. Collect data
- 10. Clean data
- 11. Analyze data
- 12. Write report and send to client
- 13. Rewrite report to make it less academic.
- 14. Write it for an academic journal article.

Practitioner Mind

- 8. Waiting
- 9. Waiting
- 10. Waiting
- 11. Waiting
- 12. Report is too hard to read and understand...
- 13. Board reviews report and Ok's it. Yes!
- 14. What? You can send our information out to others?

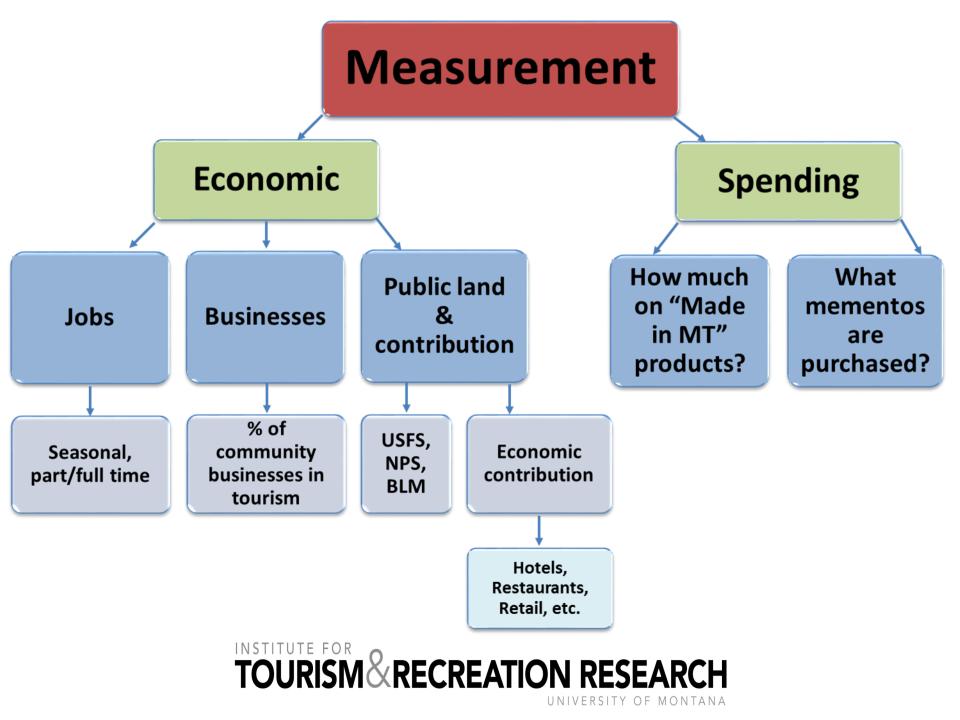


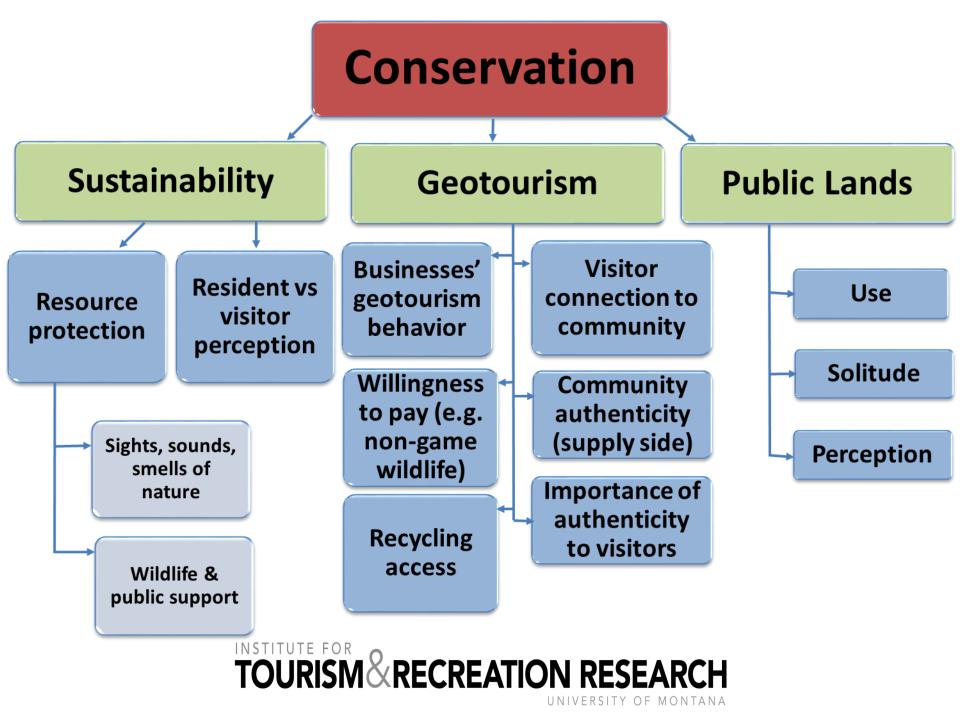


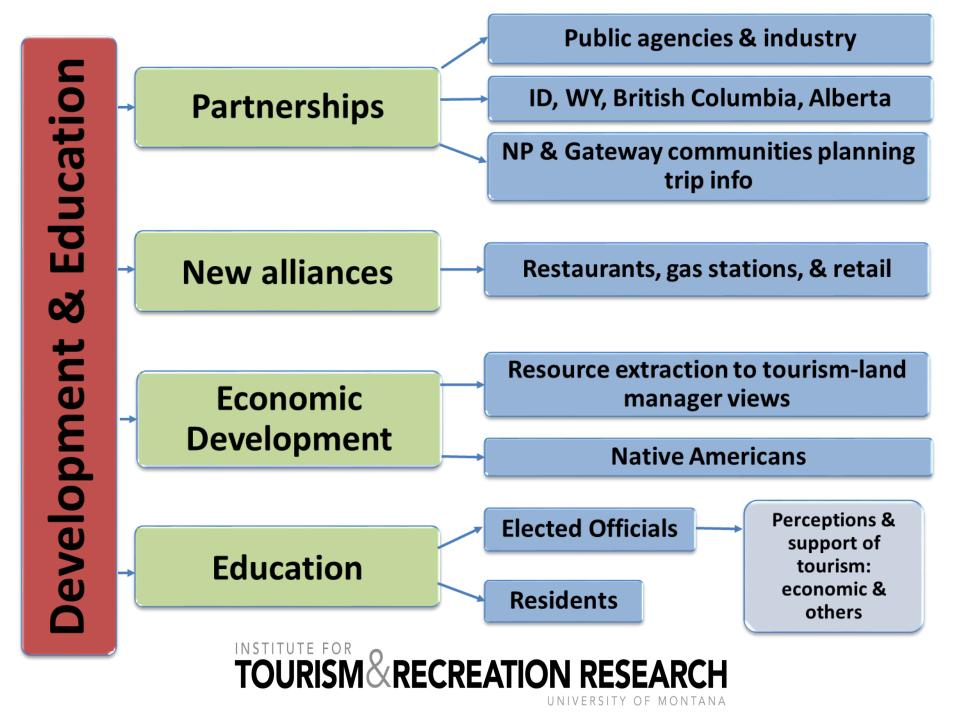
ITRR – Research Lens

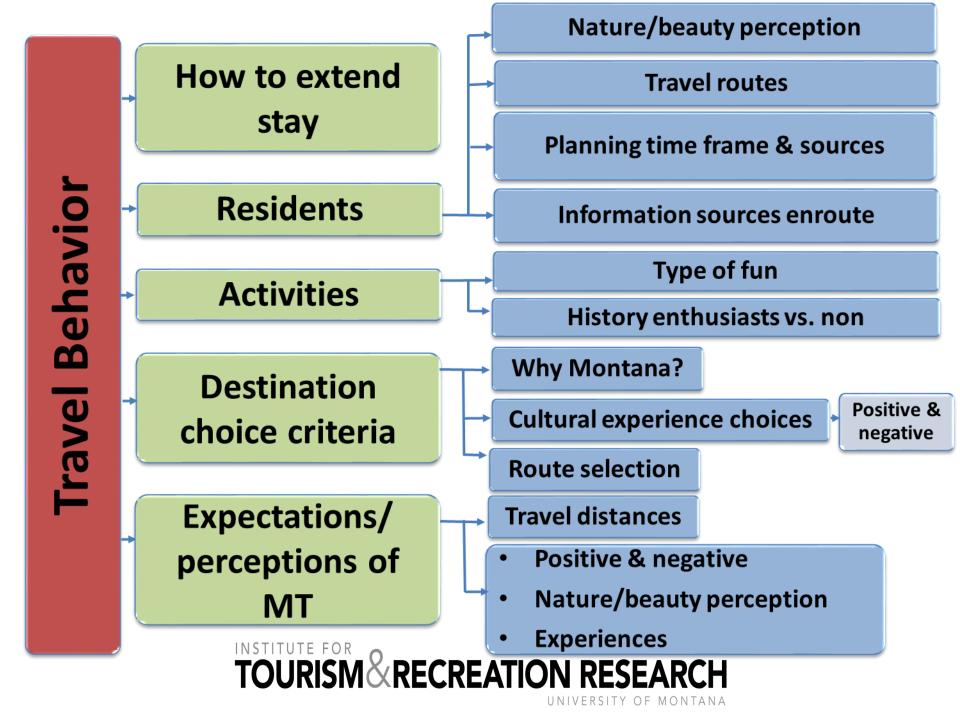
- Research Retreat identify issues
- Annual research requests
- Review and approval by TAC Research
 Committee and the full TAC

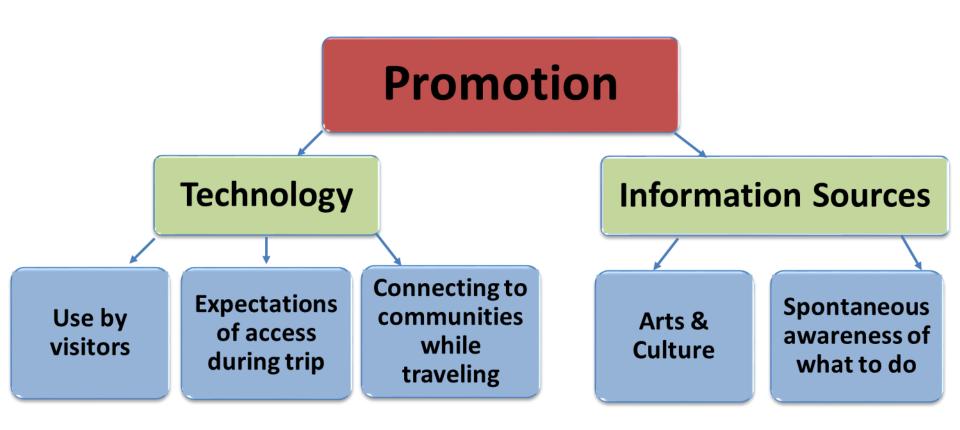












ITRR – Research Lens

- Research Retreat identify issues
- Annual research requests
- Review and approval by TAC Research
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Data Collection: Visitor Surveyor

- Intercepting Nonresidents & MT Residents
 - Intercepted at
 - Gas Stations
 - Airports
 - Rest Areas
 - Nonresidents
 - Demographics, travel behavior, spending, travel routes
 - Residents
 - Questions rotate quarterly





Location of 8 Regional Survey Territories



iPad used to ask up-front questions

Nonresidents:

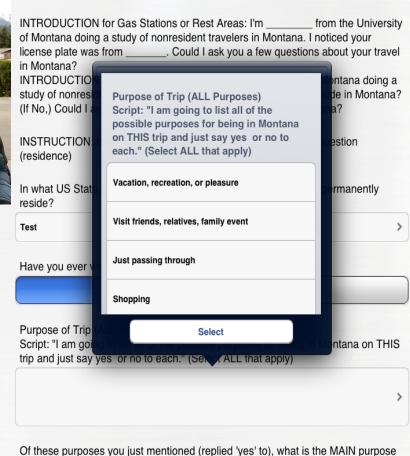
- 3-5 minutes
- Includes spending
- Ask for participation in follow-up survey
 - Mailback survey
 - Incentive
 - Panel recruitment

Residents:

- 1-2 minutes tops







for you being IN MONTANA?

Proportion Counts

- Highway Entry Points
- Airports
- Year-round data collection





- Changing surveyors
 - Drop everything and find replacement
 - Time intensive to recruit, interview, hire, train
- Schedule Adjustments
 - Weather/road conditions; sick employees
 - Stations out of gas, pump issues

TOURISM & RECREATION RESEARCH
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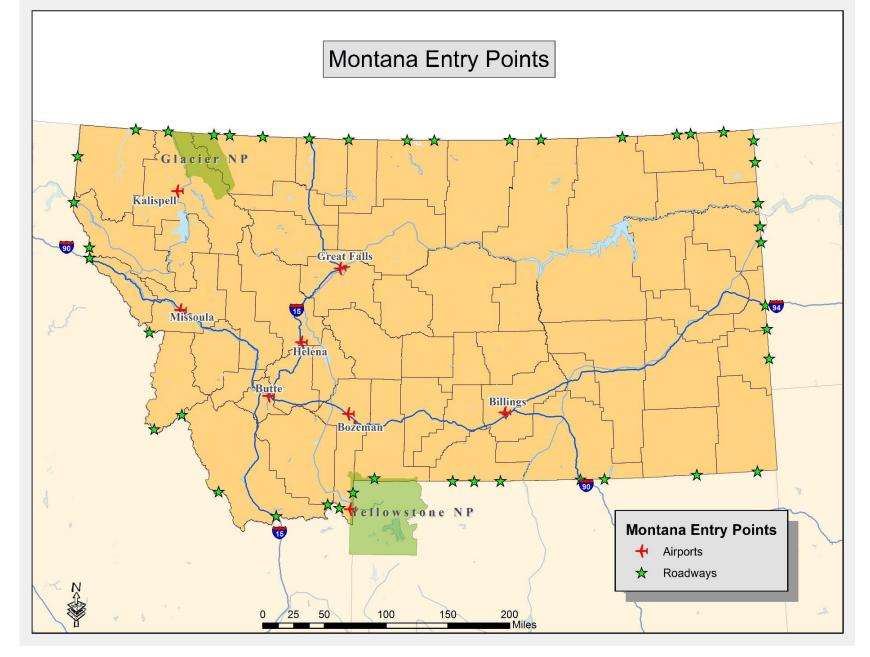
TOOLS

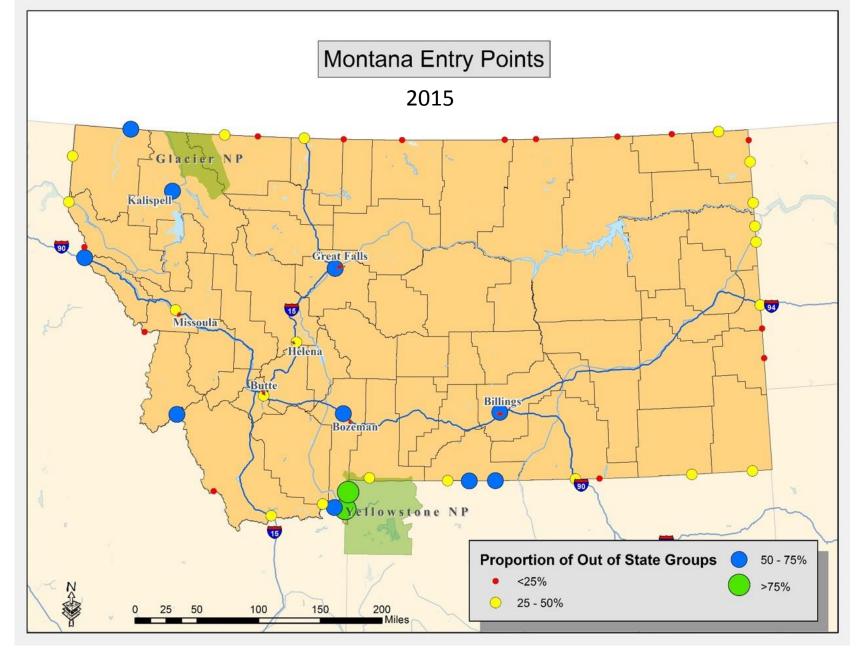
Quarterly data sets

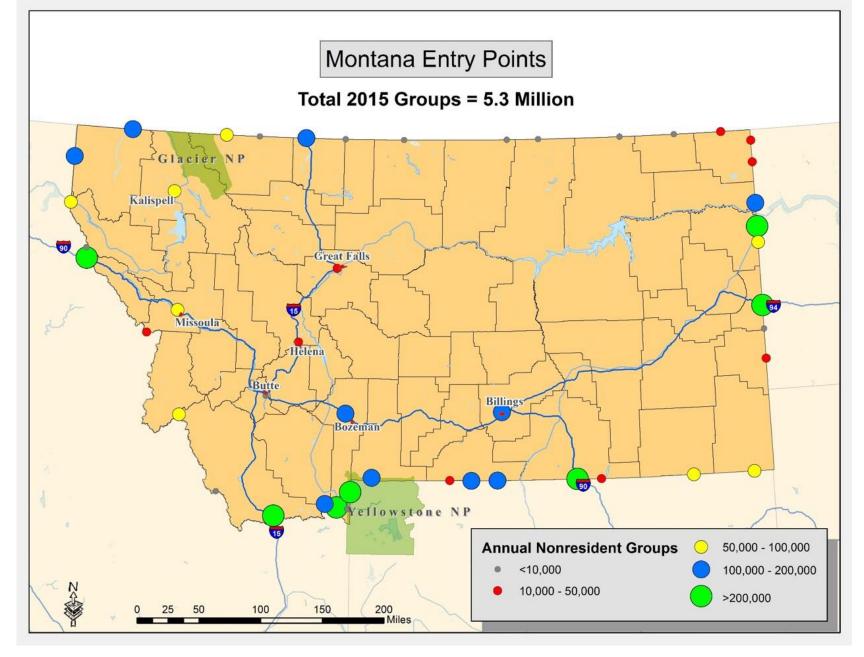
- Data is weighted by entry point and trip purpose.
- Expenditure data is first delimited to 3 standard deviations plus the mean to account for outliers.
- The mean of the delimited expenditure categories gives us the "average daily group expenditure."
- All data is cleaned and uploaded to the ITRR "Interactive Data set"











Getting the Big \$

avg. daily group expenditure

(from survey data)

X

avg. length of stay (from survey data)

X

total # of groups
(from the visitation model)

=

estimate of total nonresident travel spending in the state

Table 1 - 2016 Nonresident Traveler Expenditures
--

Expenditure Category	Average Daily Per Group ^{2,3}	Allocation by Category	Total Expenditures ^{2,4}		
Gasoline, Diesel	\$27.07	21%	\$636,200,000		
Restaurant, Bar	\$25.95	20%	\$606,430,000		
Hotel, Motel	\$17.66	14%	\$411,750,000		
Retail sales	\$13.48	10%	\$315,620,000		
Outfitter, Guide	\$11.61	9%	\$262,390,000		
Groceries, Snacks	\$10.13	8%	\$238,150,000		
Licenses, Entrance Fees	\$9.37	7%	\$203,980,000		
Auto Rental	\$4.03	3%	\$92,690,000		
Rental cabin, Condo	\$3.88	3%	\$88,560,000		
Made in MT	\$3.01	2%	\$70,300,000		
Campground, RV Park	\$1.58	1%	\$37,740,000		
Vehicle Repairs	\$1.44	1%	\$34,380,000		
Misc. Services	\$0.82	1%	\$19,130,000		
Gambling	\$0.55	<1%	\$13,060,000		
Farmers Market	\$0.13	<1%	\$3,090,000		
Transportation Fares	\$0.11	<1%	\$2,390,000		
Estimated Total	\$130.83		\$3,035,850,000		

Spending is not the end of the story. These dollars spent flow through the State's economy.

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2016 Economic Impact	Direct	Indirect	Induced	Combined
Industry Output	\$2,508,160,000	\$802,020,000	\$877,420,000	\$4,187,600,000
Employment (# of jobs)	34,670	5,670	7,320	47,660
Employee Compensation	\$797,480,000	\$178,560,000	\$233,820,000	\$1,209,860,000
Proprietor Income	\$106,470,000	\$46,790,000	\$38,040,000	\$191,300,000
Other Property Type Income	\$294,390,000	\$148,410,000	\$160,080,000	\$602,880,000
State & Local Taxes				\$180,700,000





What is Economic Impact Modeling?

❖ A technique that allows us to trace spending through an economy and measure the cumulative effects of that spending.

Why Conduct Economic Impact Modeling?

- ❖ Need is typically triggered by:
 - Large economic events,
 - Catastrophes
 - Changes in government policy
 - Desire to justify funding or demonstrate importance





The Model behind the analysis is Input-Output (I-O)

- Permits the examination of interindustry relationships within an economy.
- Captures all monetary market transactions between industries in a given time period.

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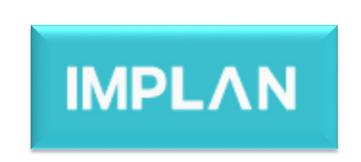




Key Concepts:

- Impacts: Direct, Indirect,
 Induced
- Industry Output
- Employment (# of jobs)
- Employee Compensation
- Proprietor Income
- Other Property Type Income
- State and Local Taxes





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Direct Impact (effect)

The set of expenditures applied to the predictive model for impact analysis.

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Indirect Impact (effect)

The impact of local industries buying goods and services from other local industries. The cycle of spending works its way backward through the supply chain until all money leaks from the local economy.





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Induced Impact (effect)

The response by an economy to an initial change that occurs through re-spending of income received. This money is recirculated through the household spending patterns causing further local economic activity.





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Industry Output

Output represents the value of industry production in producer prices. For manufacturers this would be sales plus/minus change in inventory. For service sectors production = sales. For Retail and wholesale trade, output = gross margin and not gross sales.





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Employment (# of jobs)

A job is the annual average of monthly jobs in that industry (this is the same definition used by BLS, and BEA nationally). Thus, 1 job lasting 12 months = 2 jobs lasting 6 months each. A job can be either full-time or part-time.





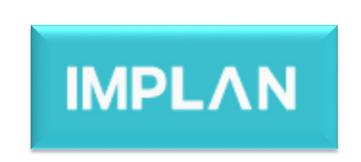
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Employee Compensation

The total payroll cost of the employee paid by the employer. This includes wage and salary, all benefits (e.g., health, retirement) and payroll taxes (both sides of social security, unemployment taxes, etc.)





Key Concepts:

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Proprietor Income

Consists of payments received by self-employed individuals and unincorporated business owners.





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Other Property Type Income

Represents Gross Operating
Surplus minus Proprietor Income.
OPTI includes consumption of
fixed capital, corporate profits,
and business current transfer
payments (net).





Key Concepts:

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State and Local Taxes

Estimates taxes paid to all state and local units of government in the study area.

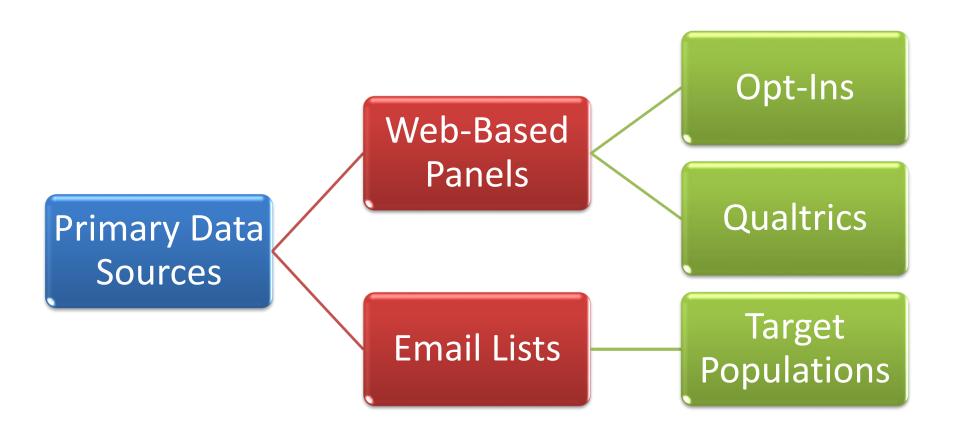


DATA IMPLAN IMPACTS

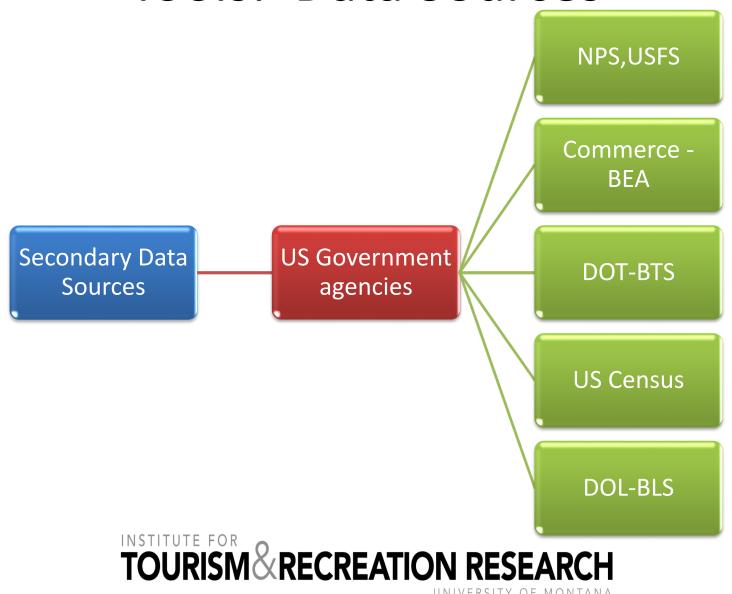


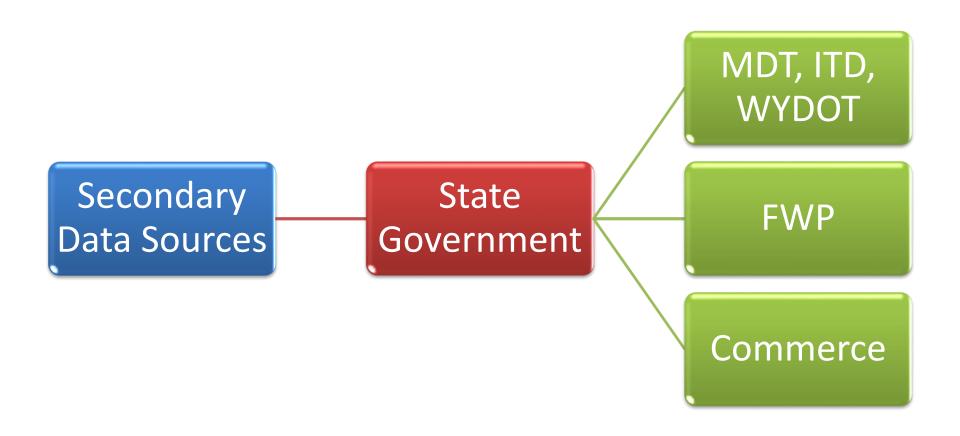
Models only work as well as the data you put into them. **Data Sources?**



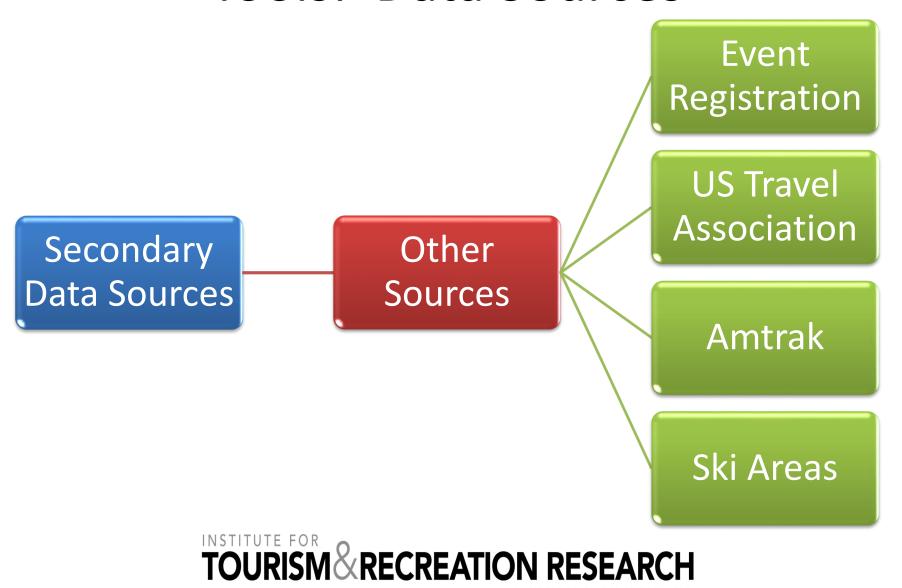


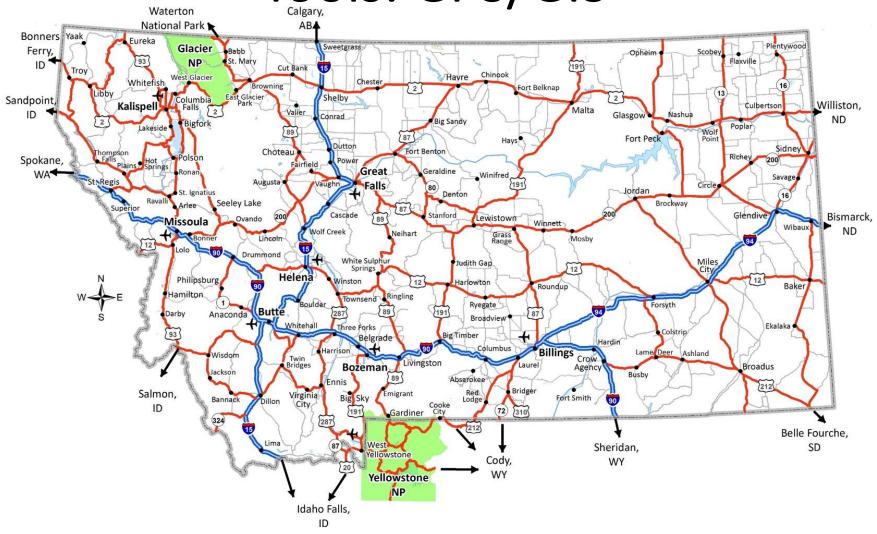












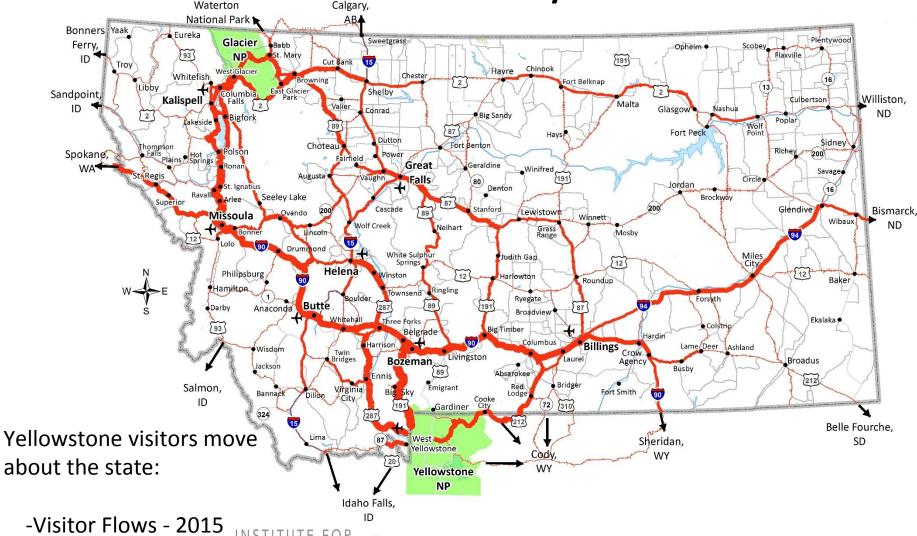
TOURISM & RECREATION RESEARCH

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1's and 0's are not readily useful, but....

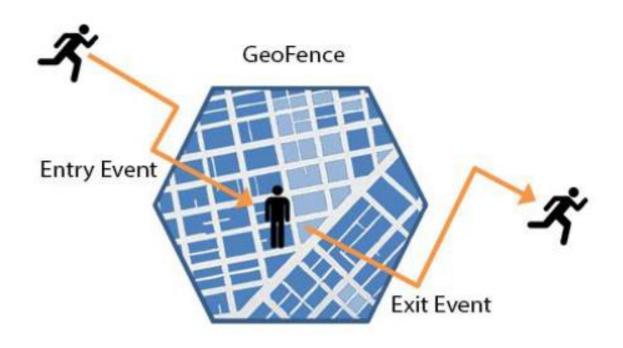
Name	X	Υ	S_86162	S_87642	S_79018	S_84529	S_86406	S_86353	S_86154	S_82089	S_86420	S_85716	S_90227	7
Belgrade	-111.177	45.77626	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bigfork	-114.08	48.0643	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BigSky	-111.312	45.2609	9	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1
BigTimber	-109.954	45.8342	L	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Billings	-108.502	45.784	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Bonner	-113.893	46.87782	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Boulder	-112.12	46.2372	L	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bozeman	-111.039	45.6804	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1
Broadus	-105.41	45.4447	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Browning	-113.013	48.5562	l	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Butte	-112.534	46.0044	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1





TOURISM & RECREATION RESEARCH

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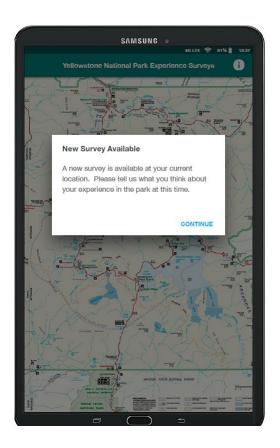




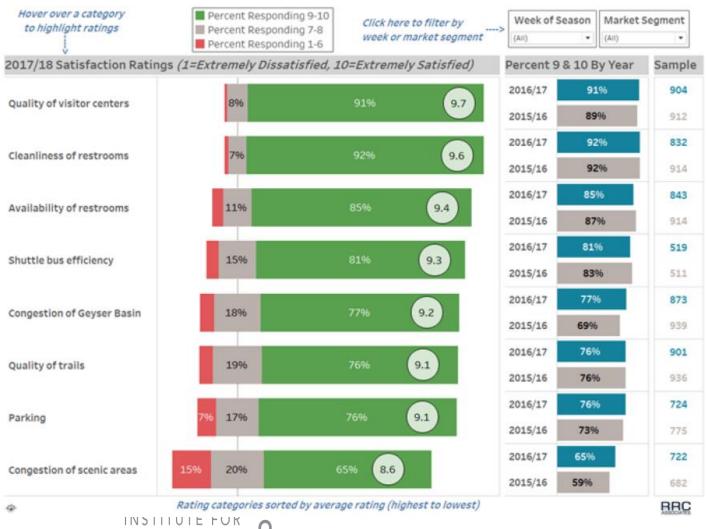
















Survey Kits for communities





Survey Kit Results: Example Comparisons

Project	Year	Туре	Community	Sample Size	Average Group Size	% of out of county respondents	Average Number of Nights in Community	Average Reported Total Group Expenditure
Missoula Marathon	2007	Web	Missoula	417	2.75	48%	3.06	\$211,021.35
Missoula Marathon	2010	Web	Missoula	1,521	3.82	70%	2.51	\$1,036,323.72
Montana Folk Festival	2016	Paper	Butte	488	2.64	60%	3.24	\$52,682.00
The Event at Rebecca Farm	2016	Paper	Kalispell	479	2.37	63%	5.29	\$330,806.00
Dragon Boat Festival	2016	Mixed	Kalispell	479	2.47	60%	2.42	\$131,773.00
Pond Hockey Classic	2017	Paper	Kalispell	351	3.66	61%	3.13	\$135,936.00
Spartan Race	2017	Paper	Kalispell	359	2.77	89%	1.99	\$157,174
Montana Folk Festival	2017	Paper	Butte	459	2.17	66%	2.89	\$63,361

What it all means

- The survey kit can give valuable information about who is coming to events, festivals, races, and communities and the details of their trip.
- The survey kit provides spending information and comparisons.



Niche Market Studies

Examples:

- Gardiner image
- Geotourism
- Agritourism
- Alpine skiing
- Touring cyclists
- Outfitting & Guiding

TOURISM & RECREATION RESEARCH







ITRR Home

Interactive Data -

Interactive Data

Nonresident Report Data

Nonresident Report Data

Travel Trends

Most of the data for these travel trends are made available through secondary sources which are referenced on the individual report pages. All efforts have been made to accurately update data as it becomes available. Some data are distributed more frequently (monthly) than others (yearly). The recent month or year of data may not be available if the publishing organization has yet to distribute it. This is a work in progress. If you suspect a glitch in our program, contact us immediately at itrr@cfc.umt.edu so the problem can be addressed. Also, please send all of your questions and feedback to the same email address. Thank you for your help.

Choose a Report:

- Airport Deboardings
- · Amtrak Ridership
- National Park System Visitations
- · Nonresident Expenditures
- Nonresident Expenditures by Location
- Nonresident Visitation
- · Resident Attitudes Towards Tourism
- Skier Visits
- · 4% Bed Tax Revenue

Someone who wanted to expand their central Montana B&B marketing reach:

Request:

I am looking for all research data you have on Tourism to Montana. Specifically, data on people visiting Montana:

- Regarding percentage of Montana Tourism by State (who comes here and why) each year.
- Regarding which World Countries have the most visitors to Montana each year.
- Any other information that might help a Montana business decide where to target their marketing.

Response to our answer:

Thank You for Taking the Time to Help Us!



From Pondera County

Request:

I am looking for information on recent tourism for Conrad, MT which is in Pondera County. I am helping write the NEPA/MEPA checklist for a Recreational trails grant program and one thing they request is a tourism report. I was recommended to you by our local Economic development specialist. Any help you could provide is very welcome. To be honest, since I am not sure what exactly I am looking for I am having a hard time searching for it. Thank you for your time.

Response to our answer:



County Commissioner

Request:

Increasing numbers of visitors put a lot of dollars into our local economy but add significantly to the need for services from law enforcement, fire and ambulance, search and rescue, and dispatch in our county. This is putting a significant strain on our personnel, our volunteers, and our finances, which falls squarely on the shoulders of local taxpayers, not the visitors creating the additional demand. We lack a county-wide account that is funded by visitors to meet their critical needs. What about the 3% from bed tax that now goes to the general fund?

Response to our answer:

Thank you!

You knew EXACTLY how to respond. These are valuable insights.





